

# Package ‘plotdap’

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**Title** Easily Visualize Data from 'ERDDAP' Servers via the 'rerddap'  
Package

**Version** 1.0.3

**Date** 2023-10-17

**Description** Easily visualize and animate 'tabledap' and 'griddap' objects obtained via the 'rerddap' package in a simple one-line command, using either base graphics or 'ggplot2' graphics. 'plotdap' handles extracting and reshaping the data, map projections and continental outlines. Optionally the data can be animated through time using the 'gganimate' package.

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**URL** <https://github.com/rmendels/plotdap>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/rmendels/plotdap/issues>

**Depends** R (>= 4.3.0)

**Imports** cmocean, dplyr, gganimate, ggnewscale, ggplot2 (>= 3.1.0),  
lazyeval, lubridate, magrittr, mapdata, maps, raster, rerddap  
(>= 0.8.0), scales, sf, tidyr, viridis

**Suggests** Cairo, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.3

**LazyData** true

**Encoding** UTF-8

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** no

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**Repository** CRAN

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add_ggplot	<i>Add ggplot2 elements to a plotdap object</i>
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### Description

add\_ggplot allows for plotdap ggplot maps to be modified by further ggplot2 settings

### Usage

```
add_ggplot(plot, ...)
```

### Arguments

plot	a plotdap object.
...	arguments passed along to geom_sf() (if method='ggplot2', otherwise ignored).

### Value

A plotdap object

### Examples

```
p <- plotdap(
  crs = "+proj=laea +y_0=0 +lon_0=155 +lat_0=-90 +ellps=WGS84 +no_defs")
p <- add_ggplot(
  p,
  ggplot2::theme_bw()
)
```

---

add\_griddap                      *Add rerddap::griddap() data to a plotdap map*

---

### Description

add\_griddap adds the data from an `rerddap::griddap()` call to a `plotdap` map

### Usage

```
add_griddap(
  plot,
  grid,
  var,
  fill = "viridis",
  maxpixels = 10000,
  time = mean,
  animate = FALSE,
  cumulative = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

### Arguments

<code>plot</code>	a <a href="#">plotdap</a> object.
<code>grid</code>	a <a href="#">griddap</a> object.
<code>var</code>	a formula defining a variable, or function of variables to visualize.
<code>fill</code>	either a character string of length 1 matching a name in the package <code>cmocean</code> or a vector of color codes. This defines the colorscale used to encode values of <code>var</code> .
<code>maxpixels</code>	integer > 0. Maximum number of cells to use for the plot. If <code>maxpixels &lt; ncell(x)</code> , <code>sampleRegular</code> is used before plotting. If <code>gridded=TRUE</code> <code>maxpixels</code> may be ignored to get a larger sample
<code>time</code>	how to resolve multiple time frames. Choose one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A function to apply to each observation at a particular location (<code>mean</code> is the default).</li> <li>• A character string (of length 1) matching a time value.</li> </ul>
<code>animate</code>	whether to animate over the time variable (if it exists). Currently only implemented for <code>method='ggplot2'</code> and requires the <code>ganimate</code> package.
<code>cumulative</code>	- if animation should be cumulative -default FALSE
<code>...</code>	arguments passed along to <code>geom_sf()</code> (if <code>method='ggplot2'</code> , otherwise ignored).

### Value

A `plotdap` object

**Examples**

```

# base plotting tends to be faster,
# but is less extensible plotdap("base")

# actual datasets in data folder to meet execution timings

# murSST <- rerddap::griddap(
#   ' jplMURSST41', latitude = c(35, 40), longitude = c(-125, -120.5),
#   time = c('last', 'last'), fields = 'analysed_sst'
# )

# QMwind <- rerddap::griddap(
#   'erdQMwindmday', time = c('2016-11-16', '2017-01-16'),
#   latitude = c(30, 50), longitude = c(210, 240),
#   fields = 'x_wind'
# )

p <- plotdap(crs = "+proj=robin")
p <- add_griddap(p, murSST, ~analysed_sst)

# p <- plotdap(mapTitle = "Average wind over time")
# p <- add_griddap(p, QMwind, ~x_wind)

# p <- plotdap("base", crs = "+proj=robin")
# p <- add_griddap(p, murSST, ~analysed_sst)

# layer tables on top of grids
require(magrittr)
p <- plotdap("base") %>%
  add_griddap(murSST, ~analysed_sst) %>%
  add_tabledap(sardines, ~subsample_count)

# multiple time periods
p <- plotdap("base", mapTitle = "Average wind over time")
p <- add_griddap(p, QMwind, ~x_wind)

```

---

add\_tabledap

*Add rerddap::tabledap data to a plotdap map*


---

**Description**

add\_tabledap adds the data from an 'rerddap::tabledap()' call to a 'plotdap' map

**Usage**

```
add_tabledap(
```

```

    plot,
    table,
    var,
    color = c("#132B43", "#56B1F7"),
    size = 1.5,
    shape = 19,
    animate = FALSE,
    cumulative = FALSE,
    ...
  )

```

### Arguments

plot	a <a href="#">plotdap</a> object.
table	a <a href="#">tabledap</a> object.
var	a formula defining a variable, or function of variables to visualize.
color	either a character string of length 1 matching a name in <a href="#">cmocean</a> or a vector of color codes. This defines the colorscale used to encode values of var.
size	the size of the symbol.
shape	the shape of the symbol. For valid options, see the 'pch' values section on <a href="#">points</a> . <code>plot(0:25, 0:25, pch = 0:25)</code> also gives a quick visual of the majority of possibilities.
animate	whether to animate over the time variable (if it exists). Currently only implemented for <code>method='ggplot2'</code> and requires the <code>ganimate</code> package.
cumulative	- if animation should be cumulative -default FALSE
...	arguments passed along to <code>geom_sf()</code> (if <code>method='ggplot2'</code> , otherwise ignored).

### Value

A `plotdap` object

### Examples

```

# base plotting tends to be faster,
# but is less extensible plotdap("base")

# test datasets in data folder to meet execution timings
# code given to extract the data

sardines <- rerddap::tabledap(
  'FRDCPSTrawlLHHaulCatch',
  fields = c('latitude', 'longitude', 'time', 'scientific_name', 'subsample_count'),
  'time>=2010-01-01', 'time<=2012-01-01',
  'scientific_name="Sardinops sagax"'
)

```

```
p <- plotdap()
p1 <- add_tabledap(p, sardines, ~subsample_count)
p2 <- add_tabledap(p, sardines, ~log2(subsample_count))

# using base R plotting
p <- plotdap("base")
p <- add_tabledap(p, sardines, ~subsample_count)

# robinson projection
p <- plotdap(crs = "+proj=robin")
p <- add_tabledap(p, sardines, ~subsample_count)
```

---

bbox\_set

*change bounding box in plotdap object*

---

### Description

bbox\_set changes the bounding box in an plotdap object. Particularly needed if using gganimate::animate()

### Usage

```
bbox_set(plotobj, xlim, ylim)
```

### Arguments

plotobj	valid plotdap object
xlim	new x-values of the bounding box
ylim	new y-values of the bounding box

### Value

a plotdap object

### Examples

```
p <- plotdap()
p <- add_tabledap(p, sardines, ~subsample_count)
xlim = c(-125, -115)
ylim <- c(30., 50.)
p <- bbox_set(p, xlim, ylim)
```

---

`murSST`*murSST Data*

---

**Description**

pre-Download of murSST in 'add\_griddap()' example so that example can run within CRAN Time limits

**Usage**`murSST`**Format**

An object of class `griddap_nc` (inherits from `nc`, `data.frame`) with 0 rows and 2 columns.

**Details**

obtained using the 'rerddap' command `murSST <- griddap( 'jplMURSST41', latitude = c(22, 51), longitude = c(-140, -105), time = c('last', 'last'), fields = 'analysed_sst' )`

---

`plotdap`*Visualize rerddap data*

---

**Description**

Visualize data returned from rerddap servers. Use `plotdap()` to initialize a plot, specify the plotting method (specifically, 'base' or 'ggplot2'), and set some global options/parameters. Then use `add_tabledap()` and/or `add_griddap()` to add "layers" of actual data to be visualized.

**Usage**

```
plotdap(  
  method = c("ggplot2", "base"),  
  mapData = maps::map("world", plot = FALSE, fill = TRUE),  
  crs = NULL,  
  datum = sf::st_crs(4326),  
  mapTitle = NULL,  
  mapFill = "gray80",  
  mapColor = "gray90",  
  ...  
)
```

**Arguments**

method	the plotting method. Currently ggplot2 and base plotting are supported.
mapData	an object coercable to an sf object via <code>st_as_sf()</code> .
crs	a coordinate reference system: integer with the epsg code, or character with proj4string.
datum	crs that provides datum to use when generating graticules. Set to NULL to hide the graticule.
mapTitle	a title for the map.
mapFill	fill used for the map.
mapColor	color used to draw boundaries of the map.
...	arguments passed along to <code>geom_sf()</code> (if <code>method='ggplot2'</code> , otherwise ignored).

**Details**

The "ggplot2" method is slower than "base" (especially for high-res grids/rasters), but is more flexible/extensible. Additional ggplot2 layers, as well as scale defaults, labels, theming, etc. may be modified via the `add_ggplot()` function. See the mapping vignette for an introduction and overview of rerddap's visualization methods – `browseVignettes(package = "rerddap")`.

**Value**

A plotdap object

**Author(s)**

Carson Sievert

**See Also**

`tabledap()`, `griddap()`

**Examples**

```
# base plotting tends to be faster (especially for grids),
# but is less extensible plotdap("base")

plotdap()
plotdap("base")
```



---

`print.ggplotdap`      *Print a ggplot plotdap object*

---

**Description**

Print a ggplot plotdap object

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'ggplotdap'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

`x`                    a ggplotdap object  
`...`                currently unused

---

`print.plotdap`      *Print a plotdap object*

---

**Description**

Print a plotdap object

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'plotdap'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

`x`                    a plotdap object  
`...`                currently unused

---

 QMwind

*QMwind Data*


---

**Description**

pre-Download of QMwind in 'add\_griddap()' example so that example can run within CRAN Time limits

**Usage**

QMwind

**Format**

An object of class `griddap_nc` (inherits from `nc`, `data.frame`) with 0 rows and 2 columns.

**Details**

obtained using the 'rerddap' command `wind <- griddap('erdQMwindmday', time = c('2016-11-16', '2017-01-16'), latitude = c(30, 50), longitude = c(210, 240), fields = 'x_wind')`

---

 sardines

*sardine Data*


---

**Description**

pre-Download of sardine data in 'add\_tabledap()' example so that example can run within CRAN Time limits

**Usage**

sardines

**Format**

An object of class `tabledap` (inherits from `data.frame`) with 56 rows and 5 columns.

**Details**

obtained using the 'rerddap' command `sardines <- tabledap('FRDCPSTrawlLHHaulCatch', fields = c('latitude', 'longitude', 'time', 'scientific_name', 'subsample_count'), 'time>=2010-01-01', 'time<=2012-01-01', 'scientific_name="Sardinops sagax")`

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